



Une école de l'IMT

### **ACADEMIC SEMINAR**

CO<sub>2</sub> Recovery, Storage and Utilization

Hanoi, 06-2023

### Outlines



- 1. Contexts and Objectives
- 2. CO<sub>2</sub> Backgrounds & Applications
- 3. CO<sub>2</sub> Recovery and Storage by Gas Hydrate Engineering
- 4. Conclusions
- 5. Acknowledgements

#### 1. Contexts and Objectives



- CO<sub>2</sub> emission is a big issue now for greenhouse effect and climate change
- Many methods to be proposed to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emission by using less CO<sub>2</sub> emission fuel, CO<sub>2</sub> recovery, storage and utilization, etc.
- This work is to report one of the ways to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emission by CO<sub>2</sub> Recovery, Storage and Utilization, especially by hydrate engineering

#### 2. CO<sub>2</sub> Backgrounds & Applications





Une école de l'IMT

 $\Box CO_2$  is from natural and man-made sources

- □ Large amount of CO<sub>2</sub> is emitted in the world and Vietnam today by human that can be managed
- $\Box$  CO<sub>2</sub> may cause the green house effect and climate change

Beside the disadvantages, CO<sub>2</sub> can be used for many applications such as conversion to useful products (fuel, materials, etc.)

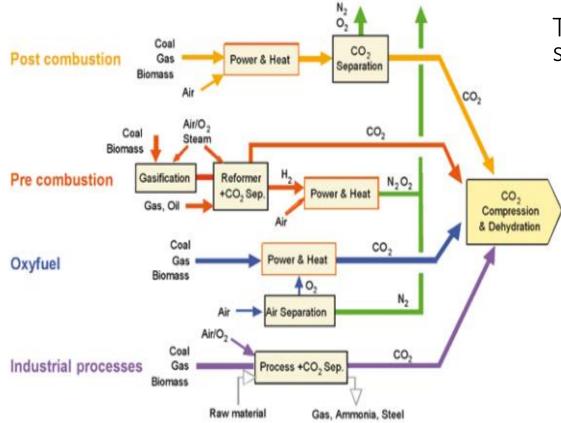
### 2. CO<sub>2</sub> Backgrounds & Applications





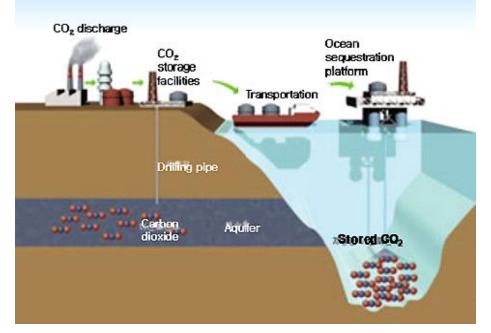
Une école de l'IMT

Overview of  $CO_2$  capture processes and systems



B. Metz, O. Davidson, H. de Coninck, M. Loos, and L. Meyer, *IPCC Working Group III Special report on carbon dioxide capture and storage*. 2005.

The main steps in carbon dioxide capture and sequestration: capture, transportation and storage

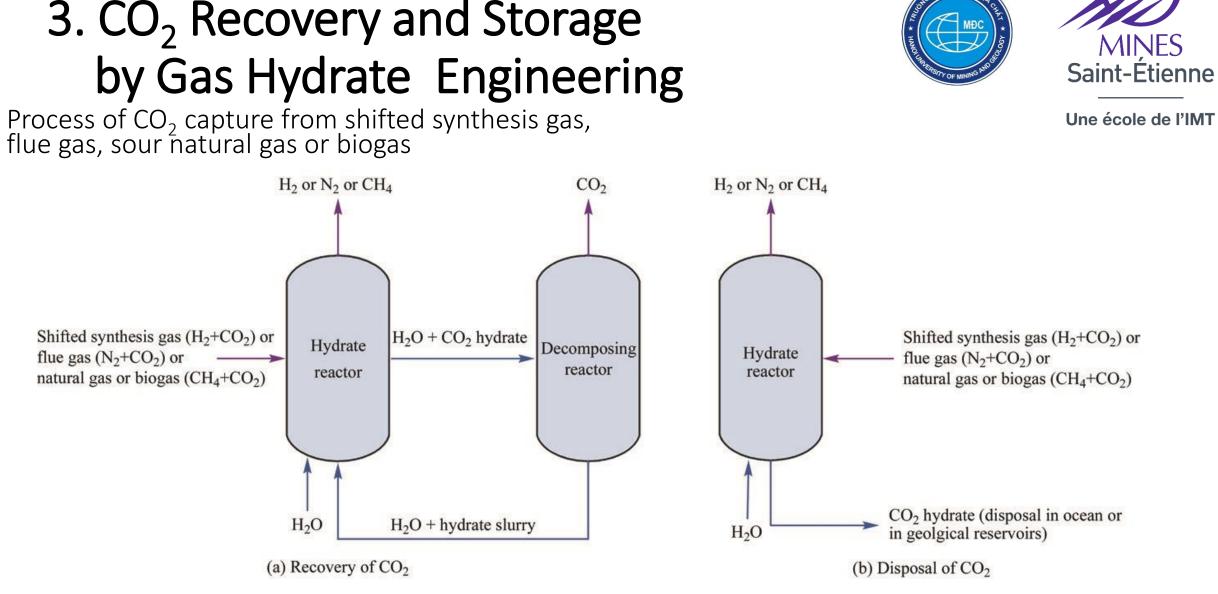


"The future of Carbon Capture and Storage | Energy, Technology, & amp; Policy." [Online]. Available: https://webberenergyblog.wordpress.com/2012/04/06/3272/. [Accessed: 11-Jul-2019].





- There are many ways to recover and store  $CO_2$  in the industry (using absorbed solvents to capture  $CO_2$  in the exhausted gases; store  $CO_2$  in the ocean and/or underground geological, mineral carbonation).
- This work will show the updated CO<sub>2</sub> Recovery and Storage by Gas Hydrate Engineering.



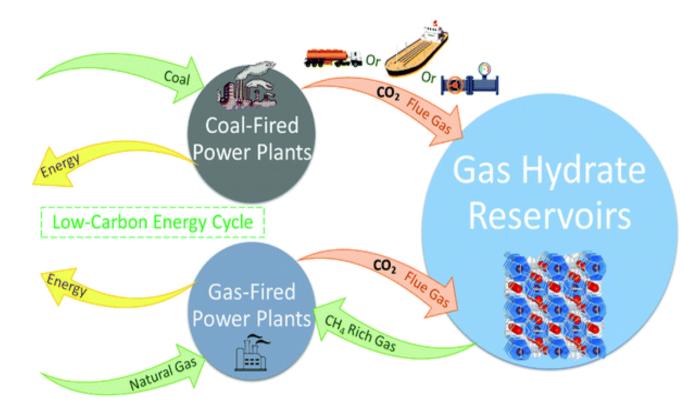
Yanhong Wang, Xuemei Lang, Shuanshi Fan (2013), Hydrate capture  $CO_2$  from shifted synthesis gas, flue gas and sour natural gas or biogas, China



MINES Saint-Étienne

Une école de l'IMT

Illustration of the principal mechanism of the direct injection of flue gas for methane recovery from gas hydrate reservoirs and  $CO_2$  capture and storage simultaneously



Aliakbar Hassanpouryouzband, Edris Joonaki, Mehrdad VasheGHsani Farahani, Satoshi Takeya, Carolyn Ruppel, Jinhai Yang, Niall J. English, Judith M. Schicks, Katriona Edlmann, Hadi Mehrabian, Zachary M. Aman and Bahman Tohidi (2020), *Gas hydrates in sustainable chemistry* 

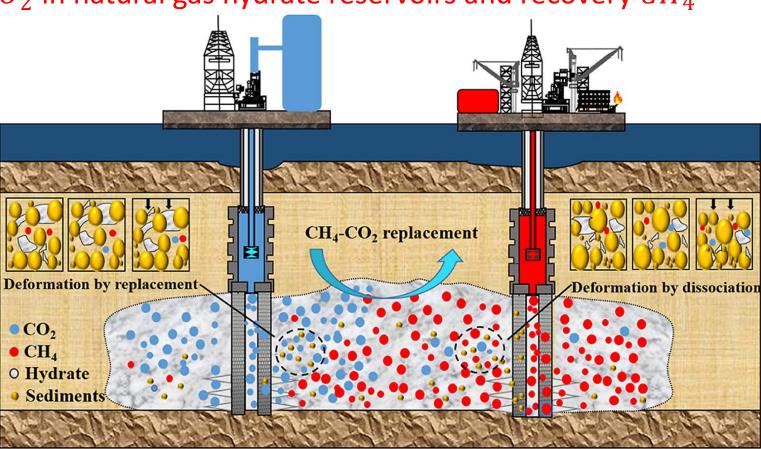




Une école de l'IMT

Storage  $CO_2$  in natural gas hydrate reservoirs and recovery  $CH_4$ 





Tingting Luo et al., Deformation behaviors of hydrate-bearing silty sediments during CH<sub>4</sub>–CO<sub>2</sub> replacement, Journal of Petroleum Science and Engineering, 2022





- \* Future work for CO<sub>2</sub> Recovery and Storage by Gas Hydrate Engineering:
  - Develop (Enhance) Hydrate-based gas (CO<sub>2</sub>) separation technology (good hydrate formation promoter, improve kinetics by mechanical methods and additives)
  - Natural gas hydrate recovery by CH<sub>4</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub> exchange
  - Conditions and techniques to store CO<sub>2</sub> under the seafloor by hydrate engineering

#### 4. Conclusions



- These days, CO<sub>2</sub> Recovery, Storage and Utilization are becoming more importantly
- 2. There are many applications of  $CO_2$  for Utilization and Conversion to Useful Products as Fuel or Chemicals
- 3. CO<sub>2</sub> Recovery and Storage can be done by many ways and by Gas Hydrate Engineering

#### 5. Acknowledgements



- 1. SPIN Centre, Saint-Etienne School of Mines (EMSE)
- 2. International Co-operation Office (EMSE and HUMG)
- 3. Petroleum and Energy Faculty, Hanoi University of Mining and Geology (HUMG)
- 4. Oil Refining and Petrochemicals Department (HUMG)
- 5. Advanced Program in Chemical Engineering (HUMG)





